

# **ELECTRONIC STRUCTURE, PHONON SPECTRA AND ELECTRON-PHONON INTERACTION IN TiB<sub>2</sub> AND ZrB<sub>2</sub>**

S.M. Sichkar<sup>1</sup>, V.N. Antonov<sup>1,2</sup>, and V.P. Antropov<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Institute of Metal Physics, 36 Vernadsky Street, 03680 Kiev-142, Ukraine

<sup>2</sup>Ames Laboratory, U.S. Department of Energy, Ames, Iowa 50011, USA

For correspondence: Sergey M. Sichkar, e-mail: [sichkar@imp.kiev.ua](mailto:sichkar@imp.kiev.ua), phone: +38-067-2997753

The electronic structure, optical and x-ray absorption spectra, angle dependence of the cyclotron masses and extremal cross sections of the Fermi surface, phonon spectra, electron-phonon Eliashberg and transport spectral functions, temperature dependence of electrical resistivity of the MB<sub>2</sub> (M=Ti and Zr) diborides were investigated from first principles using the fully relativistic and full potential linear muffintin orbital methods. The calculations of the dynamic matrix were carried out within the framework of the linear response theory.

Calculated phonon spectra and phonon DOSs for both ZrB<sub>2</sub> and TiB<sub>2</sub> are in good agreement with experimental results as well as previous calculations. The Eliashberg function of electron-phonon interaction in ZrB<sub>2</sub> is in good agreement with the experimentally measured point contact spectral function for both the position and the shape of the major peaks. We did not find regions with high electron-phonon interaction or phonon dispersion curves with soft modes in either ZrB<sub>2</sub> or TiB<sub>2</sub>. This is in agreement with the fact that no trace of superconductivity was found in these borides. The averaged electron-phonon interaction constant was found to be rather small  $\lambda_{e-ph}=0.14$  and  $0.15$  for ZrB<sub>2</sub> and TiB<sub>2</sub>, respectively. We calculated the temperature dependence of the electrical resistivity in ZrB<sub>2</sub> and TiB<sub>2</sub> in the lowest-order variational approximation of the Boltzmann equation.

We found rather small anisotropical behavior of the electrical resistivity in ZrB<sub>2</sub> to be in good agreement with experimental observation. We found that the anisotropy of electrical resistivity in TiB<sub>2</sub> is larger than it is in ZrB<sub>2</sub>.